The Effects of Modern media solutions on Achievement and Retention of English Learning of Students

RESEARCH SCHOLAR
HIRENKUMAR P. CHAUDHARY
MADHAV UNIVERSITY, PINWARA (SIROHI), RAJASTHAN

RESEARCH SUPERVISOR
DR.PRABHA GOUR
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
MADHAV UNIVERSITY, PINWARA (SIROHI), RAJASTHAN

Abstract:
Modern media solutions, as an instructional methodology provides opportunities for diverse students to develop skills in group interactions and in working with others that are needed in today's world (Johnson & Johnson, 1990). The purpose of this study was to determine the effects of the modern media solutions approach of Modern media solutions on the achievement of content knowledge and retention toward the teaching method. Modern media solutions was compared to traditional lecturer teaching learning classroom structure using a t-test. An achievement test, consisting of items from the Test of Modern media solutions which is a standardized test of English content prepared by the investigator. A retention test was administered three weeks following the achievement test. Achievement test scores and first semester grades in elementary English classes were used as covariates to adjust for possible preexisting differences between the groups. Analysis showed significant difference among the dependent variables (achievement and retention) between the teaching methods used.

Key words: Modern media solutions, Achievement, Retention of English Learning.
1. Introduction:

In recent years, India has experienced an important paradigm shift in education: a teacher-centered approach has been replaced by a learner-centered approach. Put differently, the emphasis is now on an Outcomes-Based Education approach as the key underlying principle of the National Curriculum Framework.

Within the NCF curriculum, but specifically in English, it is of critical importance that learners learn how to gather relevant information and to transform such information into marketable knowledge; in other words, the learner has to be enabled to identify problems and find solutions to these challenges by means of creative and innovative thinking in real-life situations. To ensure that the outcomes of English teaching are achieved, English teachers are compelled to consider different teaching strategies and methods. By pursuing these new strategies and methods, English teachers will be enabled to initiate teaching and learning effectively so that knowledge, skills and positive attitudes may be optimized among learners in their response to the English environment. Excellent and effective teaching demands a host of devices, techniques and strategies not only to achieve cross critical outcomes, but because variety, itself, is a desideratum.

2. Statement of the Problem:

The Effects of Modern media solutions on Achievement and Retention of English Learning of Students

3. Hypotheses:

The following hypothesis is developed:

Ho1 There will be no significant difference between post tests means scores of Traditional group and Experimental group on achievement test.

Ho2 There will be no significant difference between post-test mean scores of Traditional group and Experimental group on retention.
4. Methodology:

Research design:

A quasi-experimental research, with partially matched modern media solutions-experimental and traditional lecture method groups, was constructed because of its resistance to common threats to internal validity (Mouton, 2001 & Gray, 2004).

Sampling:

Students of college were identified for the investigation. Only 112 students who were registered for module. In the present study the random sampling method has been adapted from the Kheralu College. The experimental group consisted of 56 students and the control group of 56 students. Both groups were taught by the researcher over a 6 week period of two contact sessions of 40 minutes per week for the first semester.

Research instrument:

The Test of Modern media solutions Level which is a created by researcher test of English content. The researcher used Modern media solutions Test for the post test for both groups. The Modern media solutions Test composed of fifty multiple-choice items which was structured and aligned on the content of English. Achievement and Retention instruments were also used in this study to obtain data. All students concerned were informed that results of information will only use for research purposes. This gave the researcher an indication on which angle to present the modern media solutions during the contact sessions.

Procedure:

The experimental group received training and demonstrations in using modern media solutions during their contact sessions. After 6 weeks, all participants (N=112) were retested with the Achievement and Retention instruments. The researcher calculated the standardized mean difference of percentiles to determine impact on students’ Modern media solutions levels. First Internal exam’s marks in English were used as covariate measures. In order to control for the "teacher quality" variable, both groups were taught by the regular English teacher. Both groups were taught the module on English using the same content outline, but students in the modern media solutions group completed learning activities in small heterogeneous groups, while the students in the control group completed activities
individually. The two chapter module was taught to both groups over a six-week period. The test was administered to both groups at the end of the instructional unit. Three weeks later, the test was administered again to the students to determine retention of information.

5. Results and Discussion:

Test scores and average marks in English showed that students who were exposed to the modern media solutions strategy compared to those in the lecture method were significantly different (see Table 1). Student achievement was measured by the number of correct responses on the 70-item achievement test developed by the researchers. The test of retention was administered three weeks following the achievement test (see Table 2).

### Table 1: Difference between post test mean scores of Traditional group and Experimental group on achievement test

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>SD</th>
<th>t-value</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Post-Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control group</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>40.25</td>
<td>8.005</td>
<td>2.191</td>
<td>Significant at 0.05 level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental group</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>38.43</td>
<td>8.577</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2: Difference between post test mean scores of Traditional group and Experimental group on retention

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>N</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>SD</th>
<th>t-value</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Post-Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control group</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>40.43</td>
<td>8.577</td>
<td>2.34</td>
<td>Significant at 0.05 level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experimental group</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>41.09</td>
<td>7.922</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Based upon the findings of this study, the following conclusions were drawn:

1. The Modern media solutions technique is more effective than the lecture method with regard to English student achievement or student retention of information.
2. The Modern media solutions technique is more effective than the lecture method with regard to English students' attitudes toward the method of instruction.

8. Conclusion:

The results of this study are encouraging and add to the work of other research studies. Modern media solutions was found to be more effective than lecture method with respect to English students' achievement and retention in this study, the literature suggests there may be additional reasons to use modern media solutions. Certainly, the ability to work with others within a group and to develop interpersonal skills may be justification for using modern media solutions strategies. This study has shown that modern media solutions methods were more effective than lecture method with regard to achievement and retention, so concerns about the effectiveness of modern media solutions methods in these areas have been addressed. Students taught by cooperative methods should perform equally as well as students taught by lecture method.

9. References: