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A Study On Analysis Of Life Insurance Products For Investment Purposes

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Abstract: Life insurance is a vital financial tool that offers protection and serves as a long-term investment avenue. This study investigates consumer perceptions, preferences, and the factors influencing investment decisions in life insurance products. Based on a survey of 63 respondents, the study evaluates various insurance policies and their investment potential. Findings indicate that a majority of investors consider life insurance for tax benefits and financial security, yet concerns regarding high premiums, complex policy structures, and lack of transparency impact their decision-making. The study also presents comparative insights between life insurance and other investment options like mutual funds and fixed deposits. Recommendations include enhancing policy transparency, reducing premium costs, and increasing awareness regarding investment-linked insurance products.

Keywords: Life Insurance, Investment, Risk Management, Tax Benefits, Financial Planning, Consumer Behavior

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

Life insurance plays a dual role by offering financial security and acting as an investment medium. With increasing financial literacy, individuals are now considering insurance as part of their investment portfolio. The Indian insurance sector, dominated by the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) and various private insurers, offers diverse policies ranging from term plans to unit-linked insurance plans (ULIPs). However, despite the benefits, many consumers hesitate to invest in life insurance due to high costs, complex terms, and lower returns compared to other financial instruments like stocks and mutual funds.

1.2 Problem Statement

Although life insurance is recognized for its dual benefits, many individuals remain unaware of its full potential as an investment vehicle. This study seeks to analyze consumer behavior, investment preferences, and challenges faced when selecting life insurance as an investment option.

1.3 Objectives

- To assess consumer perception of life insurance as an investment option.
- To evaluate awareness levels regarding various life insurance products.
- To analyze the factors influencing investment decisions.
- To compare life insurance with alternative investment instruments.
- To identify key challenges and suggest improvements in life insurance policies.

2. Literature Review

Multiple studies have analyzed the significance of life insurance in financial planning. According to Gupta (2013), life insurance ensures financial stability through structured savings and tax benefits. Jain and Patel (2014) explore how consumer trust, policy features, and expected returns impact investment choices. Mishra (2015) compares ULIPs with traditional endowment policies, highlighting the risks and return differences between market-linked and fixed-benefit plans.

Further, Singh and Verma (2016) emphasize the role of financial awareness in shaping consumer decisions. Bhatia (2018) investigates the wealth accumulation aspect of insurance, concluding that customers seeking tax savings and long-term security prefer insurance-linked investments. Arora (2019) discusses government tax incentives, which influence middle-income earners to invest in insurance policies.

3. Research Methodology

3.1 Study Design

This research adopts a descriptive approach to evaluate investment behavior and preferences regarding life insurance. Primary data was collected through surveys, while secondary data was obtained from financial reports and academic journals.

3.2 Data Collection

Primary data was gathered from 63 respondents using structured questionnaires covering investment motives, policy awareness, and financial goals. Secondary data was extracted from industry publications and government reports on insurance trends.

3.3 Sampling Techniques

- Population: Individuals aged 20-55 with financial decision-making capabilities.
- Sample Size: 63 respondents.
- Sampling Method: Convenience sampling.

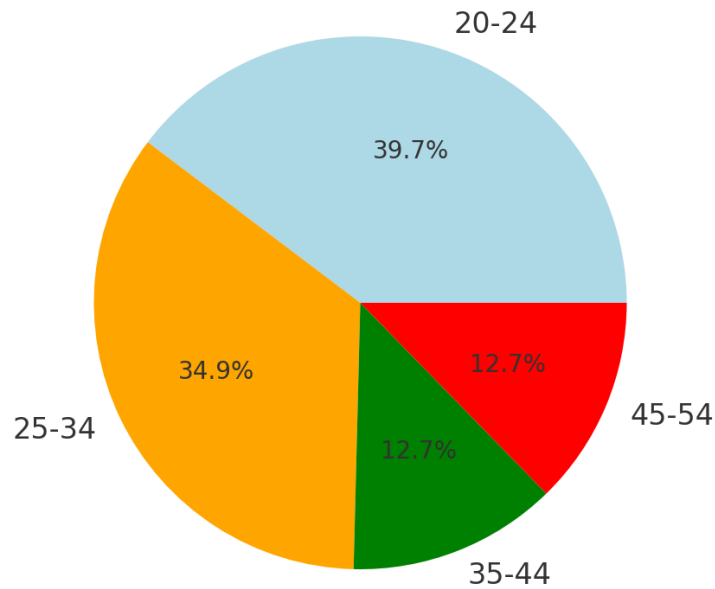
3.4 Data Analysis

Survey responses were analyzed using statistical tools, and visual representation was employed through pie charts to identify investment trends.

4. Data Analysis

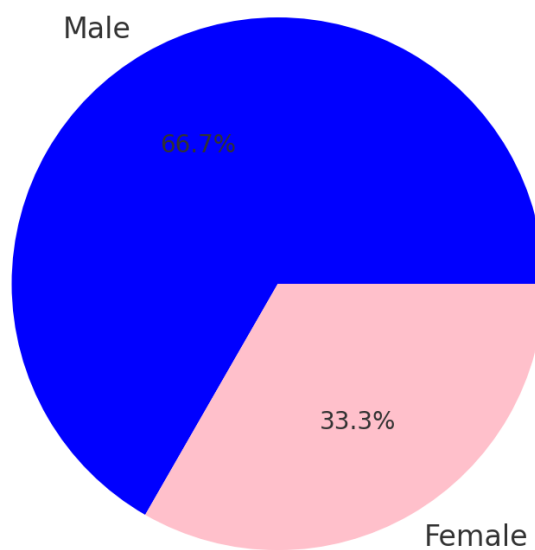
The following pie charts illustrate key findings from the survey:

Age Distribution of Respondents



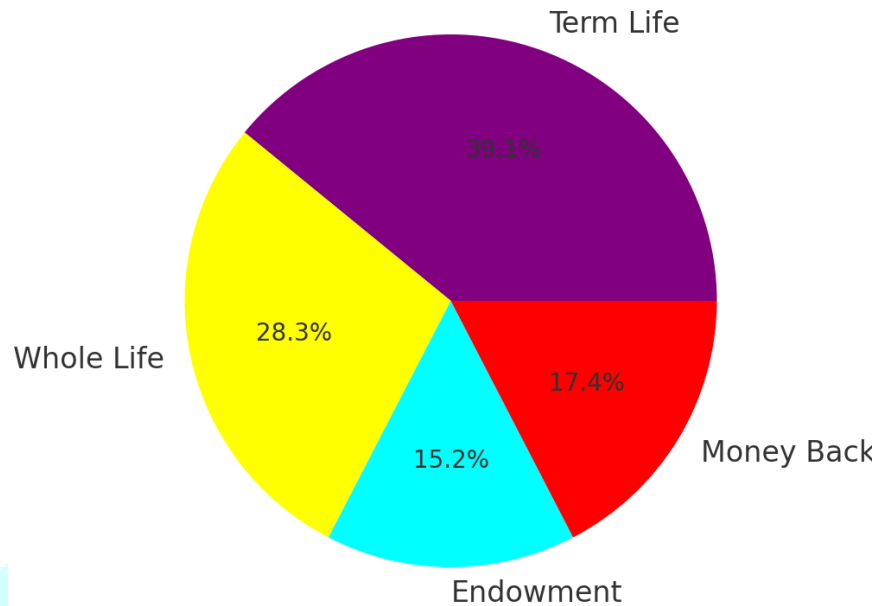
1. Age Distribution of Respondents

Gender Distribution of Respondents



2. Gender distribution of Respondents

Types of Life Insurance Owned by Responden



3. Types of Life Insurance Owned by Respondents**

The survey results indicate that:

- 49.2% of respondents consider life insurance a primary investment, while 28.6% prioritize it for risk coverage.
- The major concerns among policyholders include high premiums (34.9%), policy complexity (30.2%), and lack of transparency (17.5%).
- 52.4% of participants prefer long-term life insurance investments.
- The most common source of insurance awareness is insurance agents (50.8%), followed by family and friends (38.1%).
- Term life insurance remains the most popular product, owned by 57.1% of respondents.

5. Conclusion and Future Scope

Life insurance is a significant financial planning tool, offering security and long-term investment benefits. However, concerns regarding affordability, transparency, and policy complexity remain barriers to its widespread adoption. To increase life insurance penetration, insurers should focus on flexible policies, lower premiums, and improved consumer education. Future research can explore in-depth comparisons between life insurance and alternative investment avenues such as mutual funds and bonds.

6. References

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