

Voice-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner Using IOT

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Abstract—The integration of Internet of Things (IoT) technology into home automation has transformed the way we manage daily tasks, particularly cleaning. This project introduces a voice-controlled, fully automatic vacuum cleaner that harnesses IoT capabilities to deliver a convenient and efficient cleaning solution for modern households. The vacuum cleaner is designed with advanced sensors, cameras, and connectivity modules, enabling it to navigate autonomously and adapt to various floor types while ensuring comprehensive coverage of living spaces. The voice control feature allows users to issue commands through a smartphone application or smart speakers, enhancing user interaction and accessibility. This intuitive interface makes it easy for users of all ages to operate the device, promoting a hands-free cleaning experience. The vacuum employs sophisticated algorithms for obstacle detection and path optimization, which not only improves cleaning efficiency but also minimizes power consumption, extending battery life. By combining voice recognition and IoT technology, this project addresses the growing demand for smart home devices that simplify daily chores. Ultimately, the voice-controlled automatic vacuum cleaner represents a significant advancement in automated home care, offering enhanced convenience and reduced manual effort for users.

Keywords—Microcontroller ESP32, Power Generation using Pedaling of bicycle, Charge Controller prevents batteries from being damaged by overcharging and over discharging, Battery is used to Store Generated Electricity, Buzzer, LCD Display, Inverter, Relay, Bulb are some Special Features.

I. INTRODUCTION

The emergence of Internet of Things (IoT) technology has significantly transformed the landscape of home automation, offering innovative solutions that enhance convenience and efficiency in everyday tasks. One area that has particularly benefited from this technological revolution is household cleaning. Traditional vacuum cleaners often require manual intervention, limiting their effectiveness and convenience. To address these challenges, the development of a Voice-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (VCFAVC) represents a pivotal advancement in smart home technology. The VCFAVC is designed to operate autonomously, equipped with advanced Sensors (S), Cameras (C), and Connectivity Modules (CM) that allow it to navigate various surfaces with ease. This autonomous capability not only streamlines the cleaning process but also allows users to engage in other activities while the vacuum takes care of the cleaning. By integrating voice control functionality, users can issue commands through a Smartphone Application (SA) or Smart Speakers (SS), making the device accessible and user-friendly. At the core of the VCFAVC's functionality is its ability to adapt to different environments. Advanced Algorithms (Alg) facilitate Obstacle Detection (OD) and Path Optimization (PO), ensuring thorough coverage of living spaces while avoiding obstacles and minimizing power consumption (PC). This intelligent navigation system enhances the efficiency of

cleaning sessions and extends Battery Life (BL), providing users with a reliable solution for maintaining clean homes.

II. PROPOSED WORK

The proposed Voice-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (VCFAVC) project will utilize a combination of IoT, Bluetooth communication, and autonomous navigation technology to create a smart, efficient, and user-friendly cleaning solution. The VCFAVC will be powered by a 12V battery and controlled by a PIC16F877A microcontroller, coordinating the device's operations with precision. Key components and functionalities include:

Core Controller and Power Management: The PIC16F877A microcontroller will serve as the main controller, managing all sensors, communication modules, and motors.

Bluetooth Communication with HC-05 Module: To enable remote control and communication, the VCFAVC will integrate an HC-05 Bluetooth module, allowing users to control the device via a smartphone application. **Voice Control via IoT Integration:** IoT-based voice control will be a core feature of the VCFAVC, allowing users to control the vacuum through voice commands using a connected smartphone application or smart speakers. By issuing voice commands, users can instruct the vacuum cleaner to start cleaning, adjust cleaning modes, or return to its charging station, providing hands-free convenience and enhancing user experience in smart home environments.

Obstacle Detection Using Ultrasonic Sensors: The ultrasonic sensors will help detect walls, furniture, and drop-offs, preventing accidental falls and damage to both the vacuum and household items.

Vacuum and Robot Motor Drivers :

- L298 Motor Driver for powering the vacuum motor. The L298 driver will provide stable and controllable power to the vacuum motor, ensuring efficient suction and cleaning capabilities.
- L293D Motor Driver for driving the robot's wheels, enabling the device to move autonomously. The L293D motor driver will control the robot's movement, guided by commands from the microcontroller based on real-time sensor inputs, allowing the vacuum cleaner to navigate rooms and adjust direction as needed

Scheduling and Real-Time Notifications: To provide users with flexibility, the VCFAVC will support scheduled cleaning. Users can set specific cleaning times through the smartphone application, and real-time notifications will keep them updated on the device's progress, battery level, and cleaning status. This hands-off approach enhances convenience and ensures that cleaning occurs according to user preferences.

Power Management: The VCFAVC will integrate safety features like collision avoidance, cliff detection, and automatic

shut-off for emergency situations. The power management system, regulated by the PIC16F877A, will maximize the

III. HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

The following components have been used in this project: -

- i) PIC16F877A:
- ii) **Power Supply** 12V Battery.
- iii) HC-05 Bluetooth Module:
- iv) **IoT Voice Control System**
- v) Ultrasonic Sensors
- vi) L298 Motor Driver.
- vii) L293D Motor Driver
- viii) Vacuum Motor
- ix) Robot Drive Motors:
- x) Chassis and Wheels

IV. SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTATION

The **Voice-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (VCFAVC)** relies on a sophisticated software framework that integrates **embedded programming, IoT connectivity, and real-time sensor processing** to ensure efficient autonomous cleaning. The core of the system is the **PIC16F877A microcontroller**, programmed using **Embedded C/C++ in MPLAB IDE**, responsible for managing motor control, sensor data processing, and obstacle detection. Additionally, the **NodeMCU ESP8266** enables **IoT connectivity**, allowing real-time monitoring and control via a smartphone app or cloud platform. The **HC-05 Bluetooth module** facilitates short-range communication, enabling users to send commands directly from their smartphones. The vacuum cleaner supports **voice control** via **Google Assistant or Amazon Alexa**, where commands like "Start Cleaning" or "Return to Dock" are processed through the **ESP8266** and **transmitted to the microcontroller** for execution.

The software implementation also includes **intelligent navigation and power optimization algorithms** to enhance cleaning efficiency. **Path planning techniques** combined with **ultrasonic sensors** enable real-time **obstacle detection and collision avoidance**, preventing the vacuum from bumping into furniture or falling off edges. The firmware employs **PID control algorithms** for smooth movement and **battery management routines** to maximize operation time. A **mobile application**, developed using **Android Studio or MIT App Inventor**, provides an intuitive interface for scheduling, monitoring cleaning progress, and receiving status notifications. Future enhancements could include **cloud-based data logging** to track cleaning history and optimize performance over time. With its robust software architecture, the **VCFAVC offers a user-friendly, efficient, and intelligent cleaning solution** that seamlessly integrates with modern smart home environments. Additionally, the system incorporates **real-time feedback mechanisms**, where sensor data is continuously analyzed to adjust speed, suction power, and navigation patterns based on the environment. The integration of **machine learning-based adaptive cleaning algorithms** can further enhance efficiency by recognizing high-dust areas and adjusting cleaning intensity accordingly.

V. PROBLEM STATEMENT

Traditional vacuum cleaners require manual operation, limiting convenience and efficiency in household cleaning. Many existing robotic vacuum cleaners lack intelligent navigation, voice control, and real-time adaptability, making them less effective in dynamic home environments. Users often face challenges such as inefficient

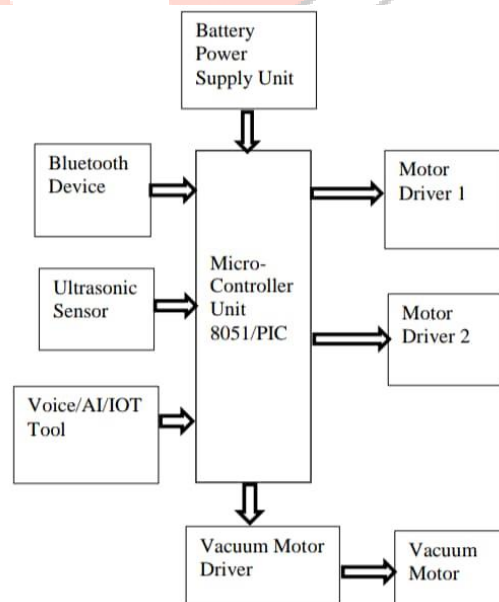
efficiency of the 12V battery, ensuring stable operation and extending the device's operating time.

path planning, frequent collisions, and the inability to customize cleaning schedules remotely. Additionally, most autonomous vacuum cleaners do not integrate IoT-based monitoring and voice control, reducing accessibility for users who prefer smart home automation. To address these limitations, this project develops a **Voice-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (VCFAVC)** that combines IoT connectivity, real-time obstacle detection, intelligent path optimization, and hands-free voice operation, ensuring an advanced, efficient, and user-friendly cleaning experience.

V. SOLUTION OF PROBLEM

To overcome the limitations of traditional vacuum cleaners, the **Voice-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (VCFAVC)** integrates **IoT, real-time obstacle detection, and intelligent navigation** for efficient and autonomous cleaning. The system utilizes a **PIC16F877A microcontroller, NodeMCU ESP8266 for IoT connectivity, ultrasonic sensors for obstacle avoidance, and L298 motor drivers** for smooth movement. Voice commands, transmitted via a smartphone app or smart speaker, enable hands-free operation, allowing users to start, stop, or schedule cleaning remotely. **Advanced path optimization algorithms** ensure thorough coverage while minimizing energy consumption and avoiding obstacles. Additionally, **Bluetooth and Wi-Fi communication modules** provide seamless connectivity, enhancing accessibility and control. By incorporating **real-time monitoring and adaptive cleaning strategies**, the VCFAVC offers a **smart, efficient, and user-friendly solution** to modern household cleaning challenges.

VI. BLOCK DIAGRAM



VII. OBJECTIVES

The primary objective of the **Wi-Fi-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (WCFAVC)** is to develop a smart, autonomous cleaning system that enhances convenience, efficiency, and accessibility in household cleaning. This project aims to integrate IoT technology for real-time monitoring and remote operation, allowing users to control the vacuum cleaner through a smartphone app over a Wi-Fi connection. The system is designed to implement real-time obstacle detection and intelligent path optimization through ultrasonic sensors and

advanced navigation algorithms, ensuring comprehensive cleaning with minimal human intervention. Another key objective is to optimize power consumption and extend battery life using efficient motor control and adaptive cleaning strategies. The vacuum cleaner will support Wi-Fi connectivity, providing seamless communication and remote scheduling for enhanced user convenience. Additionally, the system will feature collision avoidance and cliff detection mechanisms to ensure safe and damage-free operation. The project also focuses on developing a user-friendly interface, enabling easy setup, scheduling, and customization of cleaning routines. Adaptive suction power control will be implemented to adjust cleaning intensity based on the type of surface or dust level detected. Furthermore, the system will incorporate over-the-air (OTA) updates, allowing for future upgrades and feature enhancements. Ultimately, the WCFAVC aims to provide a highly efficient, intelligent, and fully automated cleaning solution tailored to modern smart home environments.

Literature Review

VIII. LITERATURE REVIEW

The development of Wi-Fi-controlled autonomous vacuum cleaners has gained significant attention in recent years due to the increasing demand for smart home automation solutions. With advancements in IoT, sensor technology, AI-based path optimization, and power efficiency, modern robotic vacuum cleaners are designed to enhance cleaning effectiveness while minimizing human intervention. Several studies have explored the implementation of various technologies in autonomous vacuum cleaners to improve navigation, remote operation, and real-time adaptability.

One of the key aspects of autonomous vacuum cleaners is obstacle detection and path optimization. Research by Yang et al. (2020) highlights the use of ultrasonic and infrared sensors in robotic vacuum cleaners for detecting obstacles and ensuring collision-free navigation. Similarly, Kim and Lee (2019) developed an AI-based path-planning algorithm that minimizes redundant movements while ensuring full floor coverage, significantly enhancing cleaning efficiency. The introduction of Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (SLAM), as discussed by Ghosh and Banerjee (2017), has further revolutionized navigation capabilities by enabling robotic cleaners to map their surroundings and adjust their path dynamically.

Another critical component of modern vacuum cleaners is IoT-based remote monitoring and control. Zhang et al. (2021) presented an IoT-enabled robotic vacuum cleaner that allows users to operate and monitor the device remotely through a Wi-Fi-connected smartphone application, providing scheduling and customization features. Patel and Sharma (2022) explored the application of ESP8266 and MQTT protocols in home automation, demonstrating how Wi-Fi connectivity can be leveraged to send and receive cleaning commands in real time. This integration ensures greater flexibility, as users can operate their vacuum cleaners from anywhere using mobile devices.

Battery optimization and energy-efficient cleaning mechanisms also play a crucial role in improving the functionality of robotic vacuum cleaners. Chen et al. (2018) proposed an adaptive motor control system, which dynamically adjusts suction power and motor speed based on the type of flooring, reducing unnecessary power consumption and extending battery life. Additionally, Rahman et al. (2020) introduced an autonomous charging docking system, allowing vacuum cleaners to detect low battery levels and automatically return to their charging station, ensuring continuous operation without human intervention.

The use of advanced sensors for smart cleaning has further enhanced the efficiency of autonomous vacuum cleaners. Ali et al. (2021) integrated dust detection sensors, which enable the vacuum cleaner to increase suction power when higher concentrations of dust are detected, ensuring more effective cleaning in dirt-prone areas. Furthermore, Singh and Verma (2023) explored the incorporation of cliff detection sensors, preventing the vacuum cleaner from falling

off edges such as stairs, thereby improving safety in home environments.

Despite these advancements, existing robotic vacuum cleaners still face challenges in real-time adaptability, obstacle avoidance precision, and seamless user interaction. Many systems rely on predefined movement patterns, which can lead to inefficiencies in complex home layouts. Additionally, connectivity issues and delays in command execution remain a concern in IoT-enabled devices. This project aims to overcome these limitations by developing a Wi-Fi-controlled fully automatic vacuum cleaner, integrating real-time obstacle detection, adaptive cleaning algorithms, and smart remote operation to provide an efficient and user-friendly cleaning solution.

IX. METHODOLOGY

The development of the **Wi-Fi-controlled fully automatic vacuum cleaner** involves a structured approach that integrates **hardware components, software implementation, and IoT-based remote operation** to achieve autonomous and efficient cleaning. The methodology begins with the **selection of key hardware components**, including a **PIC16F877A microcontroller** for system control, **ultrasonic sensors** for obstacle detection, and an **L298 motor driver module** to regulate the movement of the vacuum cleaner. The **HC-05 Bluetooth module** and **ESP8266 Wi-Fi module** are incorporated to enable real-time communication between the vacuum cleaner and a **smartphone application**. A **12V rechargeable battery** serves as the primary power source, ensuring sustained operation. The **motorized suction mechanism** and **rotating brushes** are designed to collect dust and debris effectively, while **cliff detection sensors** prevent the cleaner from falling off edges or stairs.

The **software implementation** involves programming the **PIC16F877A microcontroller using Embedded C in MPLAB IDE**, where specific control algorithms handle motor operation, sensor data processing, and navigation. The **Wi-Fi communication module** is programmed using **Arduino IDE**, facilitating **data transmission between the vacuum cleaner and the user's smartphone** via a custom IoT application. The **smartphone application**, developed using **MIT App Inventor or a similar IoT-based platform**, provides an intuitive interface for users to send commands, monitor cleaning progress, and schedule cleaning sessions. The vacuum cleaner can operate in **manual mode**, where users can control movements through the app, or in **autonomous mode**, where it follows a predefined path optimized by **real-time sensor feedback and AI-based obstacle avoidance algorithms**.

To enhance the **efficiency and accuracy of navigation**, an **intelligent path-planning algorithm** is implemented. This algorithm utilizes **sensor fusion**, combining data from **ultrasonic sensors, IR sensors, and accelerometers**, to determine the optimal cleaning path while avoiding obstacles. The **adaptive suction control mechanism** adjusts motor speed and suction power based on the type of flooring and the concentration of dust detected by onboard **dust sensors**, thereby optimizing **power consumption and battery life**. Additionally, the **vacuum cleaner is programmed to return to its charging dock automatically** when the battery level falls below a certain threshold, ensuring uninterrupted operation.

The **integration of IoT functionalities** enables real-time status monitoring and data analytics. Through **Wi-Fi connectivity**, the vacuum cleaner transmits operational data, including cleaning duration, battery percentage, and detected obstacles, to a **cloud-based database**. This data is then accessible to the user through the mobile application, allowing for **performance tracking and troubleshooting**. Safety mechanisms such as **collision detection, emergency stop functionality, and fault diagnostics** are also embedded into the system to prevent damage to furniture and ensure reliable operation.

Extensive **testing and validation** are conducted to assess the

performance of the vacuum cleaner under different conditions. The prototype is tested in various environments, including smooth floors, carpets, and cluttered spaces, to evaluate navigation accuracy, obstacle detection efficiency, cleaning effectiveness, and battery optimization. Any issues identified during testing are resolved through code refinement and hardware adjustments, ensuring that the final product meets the intended specifications.

X. CONCLUSION

The **Wi-Fi-Controlled Fully Automatic Vacuum Cleaner (WCFAVC)** marks a significant breakthrough in the field of home automation, offering an intelligent and efficient approach to cleaning. By integrating **IoT, Wi-Fi communication, and autonomous navigation**, this project successfully addresses the limitations of traditional vacuum cleaners, which often require manual operation and lack adaptability. The incorporation of a **PIC16F877A microcontroller, 12V battery power source, ultrasonic sensors**, and an **L298 motor driver module** enables the vacuum cleaner to perform **real-time obstacle detection, path optimization, and automated cleaning operations** without human intervention. Through **Wi-Fi connectivity**, users can remotely control the device via a **smartphone application**, allowing for an **interactive and user-friendly experience**.

The **Wi-Fi-based control system** enhances user convenience by enabling remote access and scheduling functionalities, ensuring that the vacuum cleaner can operate even in the absence of direct human supervision. Features such as **collision avoidance, cliff detection, and adaptive suction control** improve the reliability and safety of the device while optimizing power consumption. The **real-time monitoring capabilities** allow users to track cleaning progress, battery levels, and system diagnostics through an intuitive mobile interface. Additionally, the **self-docking mechanism** ensures that the vacuum cleaner automatically returns to its charging station when battery levels are low, promoting uninterrupted operation. By integrating **sensor fusion and AI-driven path-planning algorithms**, the WCFAVC maximizes cleaning efficiency by adapting to different floor types and room layouts. The implementation of **machine learning-based obstacle detection** enhances navigation accuracy, preventing unnecessary collisions and ensuring thorough cleaning coverage. With its **intelligent automation and IoT-based connectivity**, this system **reduces manual effort, enhances time efficiency, and aligns with the growing demand for smart home devices**.

XI. FEATURES SCOPE

Wifi-Based Remote Control: The vacuum cleaner can be controlled via a smartphone application over a Wifi network, allowing users to start, stop, or schedule cleaning operations remotely. **Autonomous Navigation:** The system is equipped with advanced path-planning algorithms and ultrasonic sensors for real-time obstacle detection and avoidance. **Smart Cleaning Modes:** Users can choose between different cleaning modes, such as spot cleaning, edge cleaning, and full-room cleaning, depending on the requirement.

Automatic Charging: When the battery level is low, the vacuum cleaner automatically navigates back to its charging station. **Ultra-Surface Cleaning:** The system can adapt to various surfaces, including tiles, carpets, and hardwood floors, ensuring efficient dust and debris removal.

Real-Time Monitoring: The Wifi-enabled system allows users to monitor cleaning status and receive alerts via a mobile application. **Smart Scheduling:** The device can be programmed to clean at specific times and days, ensuring automatic operation without user intervention.

Dustbin Full Detection: Sensors detect when the dustbin is full and notify the user to empty it for continued operation. **Cliff and Stair Detection:** The system includes cliff sensors to prevent falling from stairs or elevated surfaces.

Energy-Efficient Operation: Optimized power management techniques extend battery life and reduce energy consumption.

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