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"Comprehensive Analysis Of Chandanadya Varti: An Ayurvedic Medicinal Formulation"

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Abstract

In Ayurvedic literature Acharyas have described various Netra Kriyakalpas procedures for Netra Roga Chikitsa. One such procedure is Anjana (Collyrium). Anjana is applied on lower palpebral conjunctiva or Culde-sac. The active components of *Anjana* can be delivered to the inner parts of the eye based on their hydrophilic or lipophilic properties. This delivery occurs primarily through the conjunctiva and cornea, utilizing paracellular and transcellular pathways, respectively. The absorption of Anjana is significantly influenced by factors such as pH, viscosity, toxicity, molecular size, and molecular weight of its active ingredients. Chandanadya Varti is the herbal Ayurvedic formulation mentioned in Chakradatta. It was prepared by classical method mentioned in Chakradatta & excipients were added as per the ayurvedic pharmacopeia of India. The prepared drug was evaluated through organoleptic analysis, physicochemical analysis, HPTLC, microbiological analysis, and pH value determination to establish its standards. This paper present the analytical study of the formulation.

Keywords-Chandanadya Varti, Timira, Age related physiological insufficiency of accommodation, Netra Roga, Presbyopia.

Introduction

Timira(Age related physiological insufficiency of accommodation) mentioned under Drishtigata Roga^[1] in Ayurvedic literature by all Acharyas. Age related physiological insufficiency of accommodation is popularly known as presbyopia. Chandhanadya Varti is an Avurvedic medicated preparation which is Chakradatta^[2].The contents mentioned Timira in of Chandhanadva Haritaki, Vibhitak, Amalki, Palash, Pugphala, Chandana are having Antioxidant action, Netra prasadan, Chakshushya, Netrahitam. The ointment is prepared from extraction(Arka) of raw drugs. The ointment have higher bioavailability & longer tissue contact time.

Table 1 compositions of Chandanadya Varti

| Drug | Latin Name | Part Used | Ratio |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Haritaki ³ | Terminalia chebula | Phala | 1 |
| Vibhitak ⁴ | Terminalia bellirica | Phala | 1 |
| ,Amalki ⁵ | Emblica officinalis | Phala | 1 |
| Palash ⁶ | Butea monosperma | Bheej | 1 |
| Pugphala ⁷ | Areca Catechu | Phala | 1 |
| Chandana ⁸ | Santalum album | Twak | 1 |

Material and methods:

Collection of Raw Materials:

The raw drugs for the study were procured from the Herbal Automation Kankhal, Haridwar, Uttarakhand. The final product that is *Chandanadya Varti* was prepared in GMP certified Anamika Pharmacy, Sidkul, Haridwar, Uttarakhand. The ingredients were identified by PG Department of *Dravyaguna & Ras sashtra*, Rishikul Campus, Haridwar

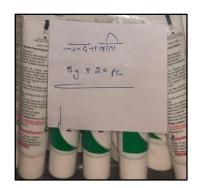




Fig. Extraction (Arka) through a distillation process







Method of preparation of Chandanadya Varti

The preparation of *Chandanadya Varti* in ointment form was carried out as follows: All the raw drugs were taken in equal ratios. *Palash Bhee*j and *Pugphala* were converted into fine powder. The extraction (*Arka*) of all the powders was performed through a distillation process. Appropriate excipients, such as soft paraffin, liquid paraffin, and white petroleum jelly, were filtered through a coarse filter placed in a heated funnel. A fine paste was formed by dry heating the liquid at 1600°C for 2 hours. The paste was then filled into sterile ointment tubes.

Analytical study

Prepared final product i.e. *Chandanadya Varti* was analysed by employing various analytical parameters.

Organoleptic study

Organoleptic characteristics like color, appearance of *Chandanadya Varti* were observed.

Physiochemical analysis

Table 2. organoleptic parameters of Chandanadya Varti

| Parameter | Result | |
|-------------------|----------------|--|
| Colour | Cream coloured | |
| | ointment | |
| Odour | Characteristic | |
| Peroxide Value | 4.53 | |
| pH (1% Solution) | 6.03 | |
| Thermal Stability | Stable | |

able 3. Microbiological Analysis of Chandanadya Varti

| Parameter | Result | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--|
| Total Microbial Plate Count | 203 cfu/g | |
| Total Yeast & Module Count | Absent | |
| S.aureus | Absent | |
| Salmonella sp. | Absent | |
| Escherichia coli | Absent | |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa | Absent | |

Table 4. Heavy metal analysis of Chandanadya Varti

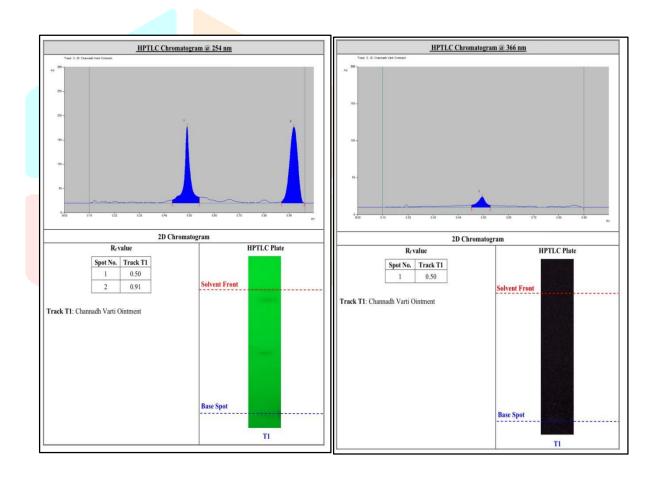
| Parameter | Result |
|-----------|-----------|
| Lead | 0.671 ppm |
| Cadmium | 0.001 ppm |
| Arsenic | 0.009 ppm |
| Mercury | 0.040 ppm |

Discussion

Standardizing *Chandanadya Varti* through rigorous testing ensures its quality and safety while also highlighting the integration of traditional *Ayurvedic* methods with modern scientific techniques. A comprehensive evaluation, including organoleptic, physicochemical, microbial, and heavy metal testing, confirms that *Chandanadya Varti* meets safety standards for *Ayurvedic* eye treatments. The pharmacognostical analysis indicated that the sample exhibited a dark brown color, along with a distinctive odor and taste. Physicochemical parameters are essential for evaluating the purity of the formulation. Microscopic and biological analysis demonstrated that the quality of *Chandanadya Varti* is maintained under standard conditions, with bacterial and fungal levels remaining within acceptable limits.

Conclusion

Chandanadya Varti is a herbal formulation contain the drug having properties such as Netra prasadan, Chakshushya, Netrahitam. The physiochemical evaluation of Chandanadhya Varti illustrated the specific characteristics of this preparation. Microscopic examination, physicochemical analysis, sterility testing, heavy metal assessment, and microbiological evaluation are crucial to ensure the safety and quality of the drug. All the readings of the product came out to be with in normal range.



| Chandanadya Varti Ointment | | | Report Date Sample ID | 24.06.2024 AD/24/187 | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Name o | f Scholar Dr. Neha Negi, Rishikul State A | Avurvedic PG | • | | | |
| | | - | | | | |
| <u>CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS</u> | | | | | | |
| Sr. No. | Parameters | Result | | Limit as per API | | |
| ORGAN | NOLEPTIC ANALYSIS | | | | | |
| 1 | Description | Cream coloured ointment | | NA | | |
| 2 | Odour | Characteristic | | NA | | |
| PHYSIC | CO-CHEMICAL ANALYSIS | | | | | |
| 1 | Rancidity | Not rancid | | NA | | |
| 2 | Acid Value | 0.00 | | NA | | |
| 3 | Peroxide Value | 4.53 | | NA | | |
| 4 | pH (1 % Solution) | 6.03 | | NA | | |
| 5 | Moisture by KF | 0.74 % | | NA | | |
| 6 | Thermal Stability | Stable | | NA | | |
| INSTRU | UMENTAL ANALYSIS | | | | | |
| 1 | HPTLC Fingerprinting | Report attached | | NA | | |
| HEAVY | METAL ANALYSIS | | | | | |
| 1 | Lead | 0.671 ppm | | NMT 10 ppm | | |
| 2 | Cadmium | 0.001 p | pm | NMT 0.3 ppm | | |
| 3 | Arsenic | 0.009 p | pm | NMT 3 ppm | | |
| 4 | Mercury | 0.040 ppm | | NMT 1 ppm | | |
| MICRO | BIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS | | | | | |
| 1 | Total Microbial Plate Count (TPC) | 203 cfu/g | | 10 ⁵ cfu/g | | |
| 2 | Total Yeast & Mould Count (TYMC) | Absent | | 10 ³ cfu/g | | |
| 3 | Staphylococcus aureus | Absent | | Absent/g | | |
| 4 | Salmonella sp. | Absent | | Absent/g | | |
| 5 | Pseudomonas aeruginosa | Absent | | Absent/g | | |
| 6 | Escherichia coli | Absent | | Absent/g | | |

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